

PRODUCT LISTING AND SDS REFERENCE

De Lorenzo Hair and Cosmetic Research Pty Ltd 103 Carnarvon Street Silverwater NSW 2128 Australia

Toll Free 1800 800 347 Office (During business hours) 02 9748 8900

Technical Hotline 1300 733 303

www.delorenzo.com.au

Office (During business hours) 02 9748 8900

In an emergency contact the Poison Information Centre Australia 131 126 | New Zealand 0800 764 766

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1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Refer to product listing and SDS reference

Suppliers name: De Lorenzo Hair & Cosmetic Research Pty Ltd

Other names: HAIR COLOURS (FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - CLASS 8)

Recommended use: Hair colouring preparations

Chemical Nature: Blend of ingredients; solvent is flammable.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

AUSTRALIA CLASSIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Classification

Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Acute Toxicity - Oral - Category 5

Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1C

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

Sensitisation - Skin - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) – Category 3 – Respiratory Tract Irritant

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) – Category 3 – Narcotic

Hazard Statement(s)

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H303	May be harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness and dizziness
H371	May cause damage to organs

Prevention Precautionary Statement(s)

P102	Keep out of reach of children
P103	Read label before use
P210	Keep away from all sources of ignition - No smoking
P233	Keep container tightly closed
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all other equipment
P242	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P260	Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, vapours or spray
P264	Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

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P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace P280 Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator

Response Precautionary Statement(s)

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P309+P311 IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Precautionary Statement(s)

P405 Store locked up

P403+235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal Precautionary Statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international

regulations

Poisons Schedule (Australia): S5

WARNING – This product contains ingredients which may cause skin sensitization and / or irritation to certain individuals, and when used for eyelash or eyebrow tinting may cause injury to the eye. A preliminary test according to the accompanying directions should be made before use.

NEW ZEALAND CLASSIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to criteria of New Zealand EPA.

EPA Group Standard: Cosmetic Products Group Standard 2006, HSR002552

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".

Class: 3 Flammable Liquid

Sub risk: 8 Corrosive

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3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO.	PROPORTION
Ethanol Isopropanol Ammonia Ethanolamine Resorcinol Phenylenediamines Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous	64-17-5 67-63-0 1336-21-6 141-43-5 108-46-3	<60% <60% <2% 5 - 10% <2% <2% Balance
		100%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Varying quantities of other non-hazardous ingredients are also present.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice.

Skin contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a Doctor; or for 15 minutes and transport to Doctor or Hospital. For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre.

Ingestion: Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Get to a doctor or hospital quickly.

PPE for First Aiders: Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

If risk of inhalation exists, wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Effects may be delayed. Can cause corneal burns.

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5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazchem Code: •3WE

Suitable extinguishing media: If material is involved in a fire use alcohol resistant foam, standard foam or dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Flammable liquid. Corrosive substance. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. Do NOT smoke.

Firefighting further advice: If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning may emit toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Allow absorbent to dry before disposing with normal household garbage. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

LARGE SPILLS

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Use a spark-free shovel.

If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 18

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Dangerous Good Class 3 Flammable Liquid, Sub risk 8 Corrosive as per the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

This material is a Scheduled Poison S5 and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

National occupational exposure limits: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia or WorkSafe New Zealand.

However for:

	(WES) - TWA		(WES) - STEL		CARCINOGEN	NOTICES
	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	CATEGORY	
Ammonia	25	17	35	24	-	-
Ethanol	1000	1880	-	-	-	-
Isopropanol	400	983	500	1230	-	-
Ethanolamine	3	7.5	6	15	-	-
Resorcinol	10	45	20	90	-	-

As published by Safe Work Australia and WorkSafe New Zealand.

Definitions

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15-minute period, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

WES-TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard – Time-weighted Average). The time-weighted average exposure standard designed to protect the worker for the effects of long-term exposure.

WES-STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit). The 15-minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15-minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue changes, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both the short-term and time-weighted average exposures apply.

No Exposure Standards assigned to other constituents.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

Biological Limit Values: As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

Note: It is recommended that eye protection (safety glasses or goggles) and protective gloves are worn when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Engineering measures: Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing appropriate respirator. The use of exhaust fans is strongly recommended. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Personal protection equipment: OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, RESPIRATOR

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Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form / Colour / Odour: Coloured liquids, with a characteristic odour.

Solubility: Soluble in water

Specific Gravity (20 °C): 0.85 – 1.0

Relative Vapour Density (air=1): >1

N AvVapour Pressure (20 °C): Flash Point (°C): 23 - 61 Flammability Limits (%): N Av **Autoignition Temperature (°C):** N Av N Av Melting Point/Range (°C): **Boiling Point/Range (°C):** N Av pH: 5.0 - 11.7Viscosity: N Av

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No reactivity hazards are known for the material.

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials: Oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

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Inhalation: Material is an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapour can result in headaches, dizziness and possible nausea. Inhalation of high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of co-ordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.

Skin contact: Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns. A skin sensitiser. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may lead to allergic contact dermatitis.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to the gastrointestinal tract.

Eye contact: A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes: contact can cause corneal burns. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >20 mg/L

Skin contact: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Ingestion: This material has been classified as a Category 5 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 2,000 – 5,000 mg/Kg

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 1 Hazard (irreversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 1C Hazard (corrosive to skin).

Sensitisation: Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 1 Hazard (skin sensitiser).

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard. Exposure via oral may result in adverse effects on blood and the central nervous system. This material has been classified as a Category 3 Hazard (AU only). Exposure via inhalation may result in respiratory irritation and depression of the central nervous system.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L

Long-term aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L

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Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: The product is readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".

UN No: 2924

Dangerous Goods Class: 3 Flammable Liquid

Sub risk 1: 8 Corrosive

Packing Group:
Hazchem Code:

*3WE
Emergency Response Guide No:

18

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

Segregation Dangerous Goods: Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable gases (Class 2.1), if both are in bulk, toxic gases (Class 2.3), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), toxic substances (Class 6.1), infectious substances (Class 6.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7). Exemptions may apply.

MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN No: 2924

Dangerous Goods Class: 3 Flammable Liquid

Sub risk 1: 8 Corrosive

Packing Group:

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN No: 2924

Dangerous Goods Class: 3 Flammable Liquid

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Sub risk 1: 8 Corrosive

Packing Group:

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances) The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants) The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)

This material is subject to the following international agreements:

Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)

Organic solvents excluding halogenated solvents

International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

• Annex II - Noxious Liquid Substances carried in Bulk

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

- The Standard for the *Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)* established under the *Therapeutic Goods Act (Commonwealth)*.
- All the constituents of this material are listed on the *Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances* (AICS) or in compliance with the Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment (ICNA) Act.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Literary reference

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Supersedes: October 2012

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

THIS SDS SUMMARISES AT THE DATE OF ISSUE OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT, AND IN PARTICULAR HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST, PRIOR TO USAGE, REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THEIR SUPPLIER TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.