

PRODUCT LISTING AND SDS REFERENCE

De Lorenzo Hair and Cosmetic Research Pty Ltd 103 Carnarvon Street Silverwater NSW 2128 Australia

Toll Free 1800 800 347 Office (During business hours) 02 9748 8900

Technical Hotline 1300 733 303

www.delorenzo.com.au

Office (During business hours) 02 9748 8900

In an emergency contact the Poison Information Centre Australia 131 126 | New Zealand 0800 764 766

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1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Refer to product listing and SDS reference

Suppliers name: De Lorenzo Hair & Cosmetic Research Pty Ltd

Other names: AEROSOL MOUSSES

Recommended use: Hair styling and conditioning.

Chemical Nature: Water suspension/solution of ingredients, presented as an aerosol.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

AUSTRALIA CLASSIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Classification

Flammable Aerosols - Category 1

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Chronic Hazard to the Aquatic Environment - Category 3

Hazard Statement(s)

Extremely flammable aerosol H222 Causes serious eye irritation. H319

H413 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prevention Precautionary Statement(s)

| P102 | Keep out of reach of children |
|------|---|
| P103 | Read label before use |
| P210 | Keep away from all sources of ignition - No smoking |
| P211 | Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source |
| P251 | Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use |
| P264 | Wash hands, face and all exposed skin thoroughly after handling. |
| P273 | Avoid release to the environment. |
| P280 | Wear protective clothing gloves, eve/face protection and suitable respira |

Wear protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection and suitable respirator.

Response Precautionary Statement(s)

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Precautionary Statement(s)

P410+412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C

Disposal Precautionary Statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international

regulations.

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Poisons Schedule (Australia): Not applicable

NEW ZEALAND CLASSIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to criteria of New Zealand EPA.

EPA Group Standard: Cosmetic Products Group Standard 2006, HSR002552

DANGEROUS GOODS CLASSIFICATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".

Class: 2.1 Flammable Gas

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION

| CHEMICAL ENTITY | CAS NO. | PROPORTION |
|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Alkanes, C3-4 Ethanol Surfactants (cationic or non-ionic) Ingredients determined to be non-hazardous | 68475-59-2 64-17-5 - - | <15% <20% <5% Balance |
| | | 100% |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Varying quantities of other non-hazardous ingredients are also present.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

Eye contact: If in eyes wash out immediately with water. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

PPE for First Aiders: Wear safety glasses and impervious gloves. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

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If risk of inhalation exists, wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazchem Code: 2YE

Suitable extinguishing media: If material is involved in a fire use water fog (or if unavailable fine water spray), foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Compressed gas. Flammable gas. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. Do NOT smoke.

Firefighting further advice: If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray. On burning may emit toxic fumes, including those of carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Wipe up with absorbent (clean rag or paper towels). Allow absorbent to dry before disposing with normal household garbage. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal.

LARGE SPILLS

Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Use a spark-free shovel.

If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 49

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat or ignition. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Dangerous Good Class 2.1 Flammable Gas as per the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

National occupational exposure limits: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia or WorkSafe New Zealand.

However for:

| | (WES) - TWA | | (WES) - STEL | | CARCINOGEN | NOTICES |
|--------------------|-------------|-------|--------------|-------|------------|---------|
| | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | CATEGORY | |
| Butane (Alkane C4) | 800 | 1900 | _ | - | - | - |
| Ethanol ` | 1000 | 1880 | - | - | - | - |

As published by Safe Work Australia and WorkSafe New Zealand.

Definitions

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15-minute period, which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

WES-TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard – Time-weighted Average). The time-weighted average exposure standard designed to protect the worker for the effects of long-term exposure.

WES-STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short-Term Exposure Limit). The 15-minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15-minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue changes, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both the short-term and time-weighted average exposures apply.

No Exposure Standards assigned to other constituents.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

Biological Limit Values: As per the "National Model Regulations for the Control of Workplace Hazardous Substances (Safe Work Australia)" the ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

Note: No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Engineering measures: Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. The use of exhaust fans is strongly recommended.

Personal protection equipment: OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, SAFETY GLASSES, GLOVES

Wear overalls, safety glasses and gloves. If there is routine unprotected and long term contact with these products, suitable gloves should be worn during use. Available information suggests that gloves made from rubber or PVC should be suitable for intermittent contact. However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating,

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drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or reusing.

If risk of inhalation exists, wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form / Colour / Odour: White foam, with a characteristic fragrance.

Solubility: Soluble in water Specific Gravity (20 °C): 0.74 - 0.88

Relative Vapour Density (air=1): Vapour Pressure (20 °C): N Av Flash Point (°C): Approx. -87

Flammability Limits (%): LEL - 1.9; UEL - 9.5

Autoignition Temperature (°C): N Av **Melting Point/Range (°C):** N Av N Av **Boiling Point/Range (°C):**

pH: Approx. 4 - 7

Viscosity: N App

> (Typical values only - consult specification sheet) N Av = Not availableN App = Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No reactivity hazards are known for the material.

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

Conditions to avoid: This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep containers and surrounding areas well ventilated.

Incompatible materials: Oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, smoke and other toxic fumes.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract.

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Skin contact: Contact with skin may result in irritation.

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting and irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.

Eye contact: An eye irritant. May cause watering of eyes and blurred vision.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >20 mg/L

Skin contact: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Ingestion: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >2,000 mg/Kg

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 2A Hazard (reversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Sensitisation: Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser.

Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): >100 mg/L

Long-term aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as a Category Chronic 3 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 10 - 100 mg/L

Ecotoxicity: No information available.

Persistence and degradability: No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see "Section 8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail".

UN No: 1950

Dangerous Goods Class: 2.1 Flammable Gas

Packing Group:NoneHazchem Code:2YEEmergency Response Guide No:49

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

Segregation Dangerous Goods: Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable liquids (Class 3), if both are in bulk, flammable solids (Class 4.1), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), dangerous when wet substances (Class 4.3), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7), however exemptions may apply.

MARINE TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea.

UN No: 1950

Dangerous Goods Class: 2.1 Flammable Gas

Packing Group: None

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS

AIR TRANSPORT

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN No: 1950

Dangerous Goods Class: 2.1 Flammable Gas

Packing Group: None

Proper Shipping Name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material is not subject to the following international agreements:

Montreal Protocol (Ozone depleting substances)
The Stockholm Convention (Persistent Organic Pollutants)
The Rotterdam Convention (Prior Informed Consent)
Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL)

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

• All the constituents of this material are listed on the *Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances* (AICS) or in compliance with the Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment (ICNA) Act.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Literary reference

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Chemical Data Services Pty Ltd (chemdata.com.au) on behalf of its client.

Supersedes: October 2012

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure that you have a current copy.

THIS SDS SUMMARISES AT THE DATE OF ISSUE OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT, AND IN PARTICULAR HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST, PRIOR TO USAGE, REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THEIR SUPPLIER TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.